STATE OF THE ART IN: SENSING DATA ANALYTICS DIGITAL TWINS

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Founded 2016 100+ Projects 100+Years of Combined Experience Multidisciplinary Team



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Our Mission

TO EMPOWER ENGINEERS AND EXECUTIVES IN THE ENERGY INDUSTRY TO RUN SMARTER BY UNLOCKING THE VALUE OF THEIR ASSET DATA



RUN LONGER OPERATIONAL



Run Stronger Financial



Run Cleaner Environmental



RUN SMARTER

Our Customers



ENERGY

Power Production Efficiency Reliability Technology



OIL & GAS

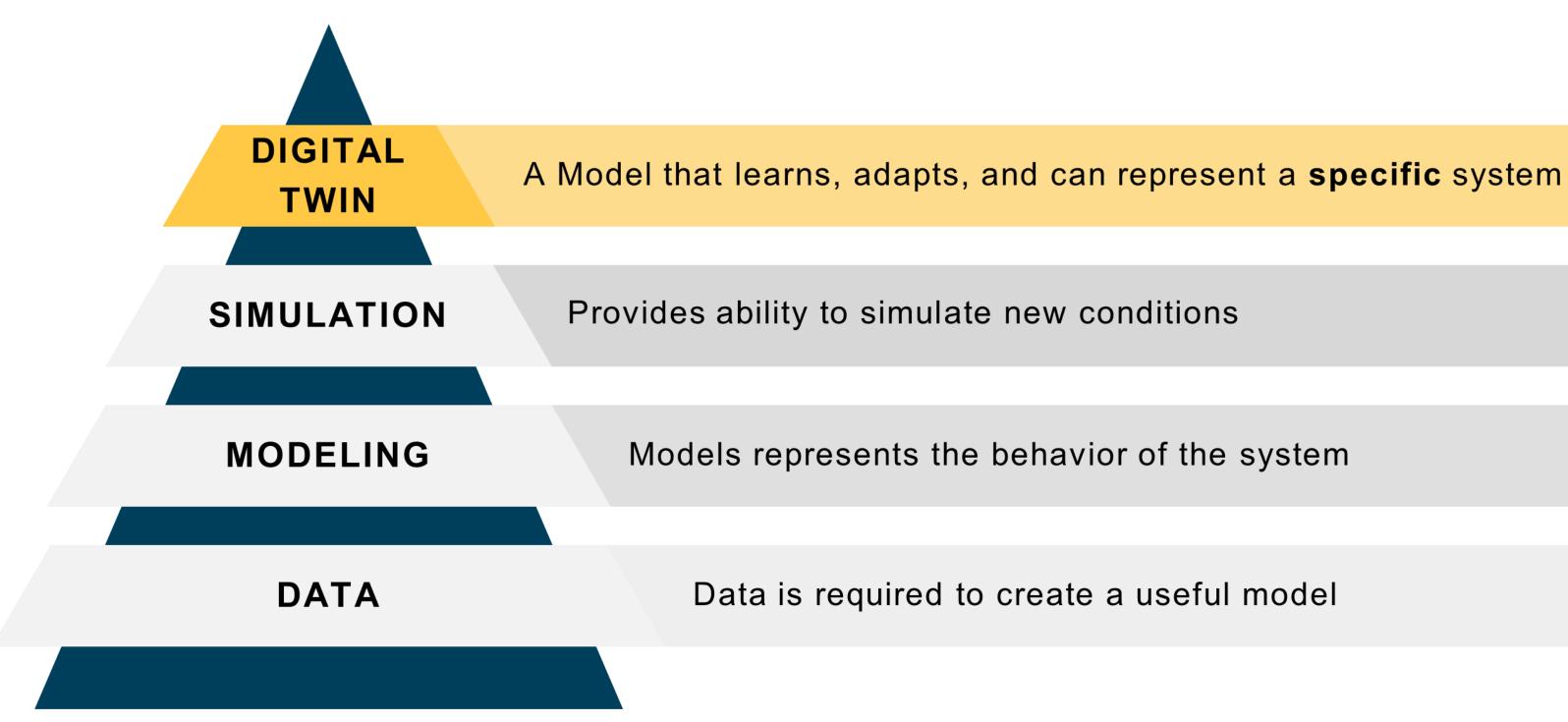
Technology Reliability CO₂



Research

RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS UNIVERSITIES GOVERNMENT

OBLIGATORY DEFINITIONS





DIGITAL TWINS – CONSUMERS OF INFORMATION

Data Collection

The process of collecting time-series data and metadata, including serial numbers, geographic location, age, and manufacturer details, for building and simulating a model.

Data Preprocessing

Preparing data for simulation models by cleaning, integrating, and transforming it, which may involve removing anomalies and outliers, merging data from different sources, and manipulating it into the required format.

Data Storage

Storage architecture and practices for the large amounts of data used and generated by a digital twin, including considerations like data volume, storage and retrieval methods, format and structure, storage locations, and security.

Modeling and Simulation

Digital twins can include both physics-based and data-driven models. Physics-based models are grounded in physical, theoretical relationships, while data-driven models might use AI/ML algorithms.

Integration

Integration allows for real-time data updates and synchronization between the digital twin and the physical asset, enabling predictive insights and reflecting the asset's current condition.

Analysis Techniques

Involves the use of advanced analytical tools, including AI and ML algorithms, to process and interpret the data. These techniques help in identifying patterns, predicting outcomes, and suggesting optimizations.

Visualization

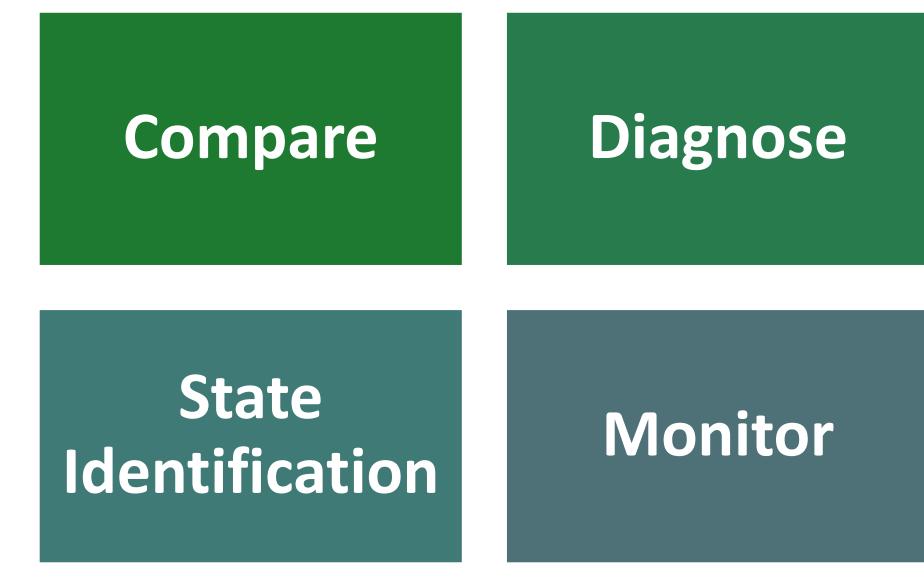
Concerns the presentation of data and simulation results in an understandable and actionable format. This can include dashboard design, data visualization best practices, and user-friendly interfaces.

Maintenance and Updates

Refers to the processes for version control, model recalibration, tracking model changes, and ensuring models remain accurate over time. This is crucial for the digital twin to remain relevant and useful.



HOW DO WE USE DIGITAL TWINS?



Prognostics

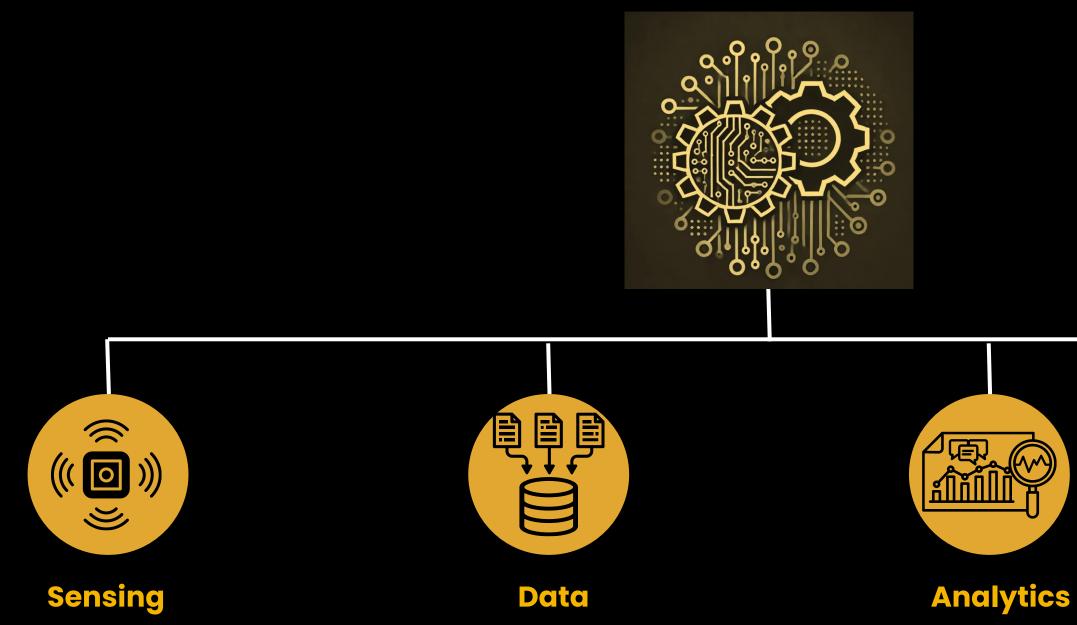
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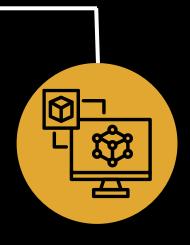


What-If?

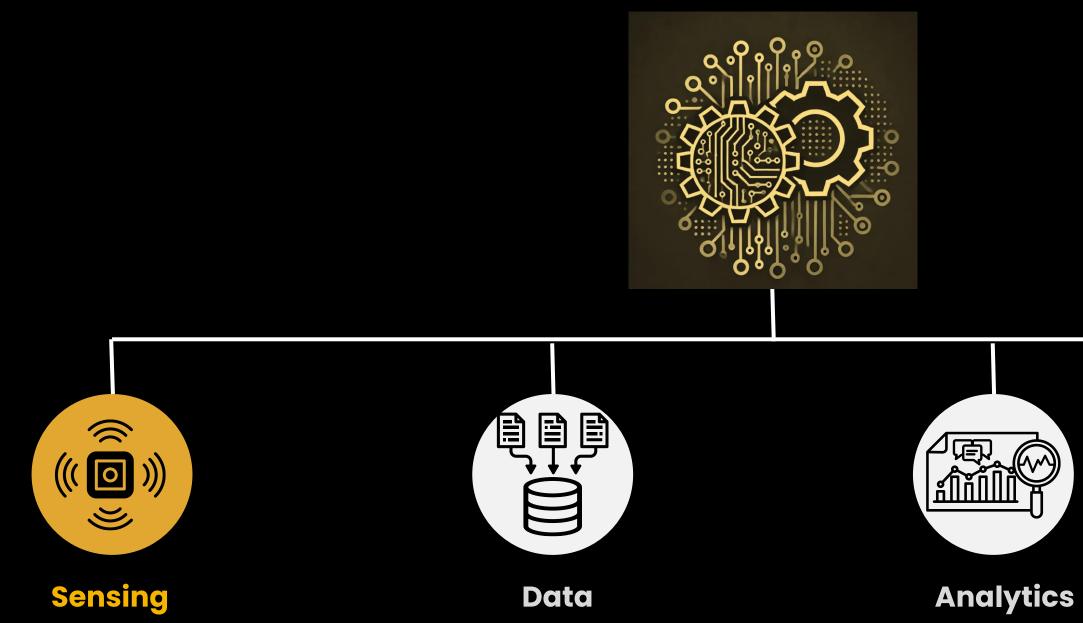
Observe

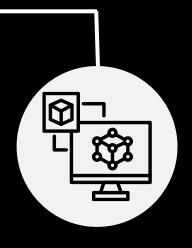






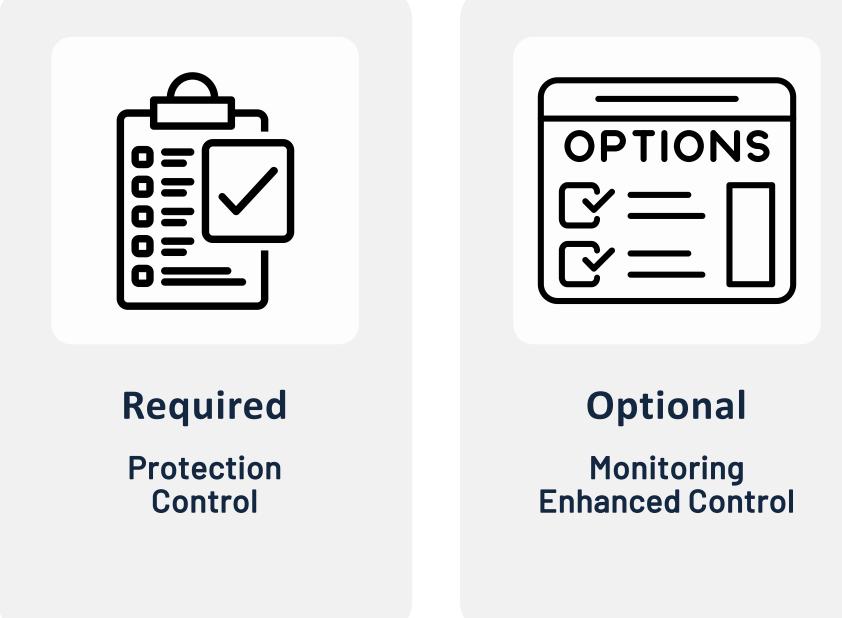






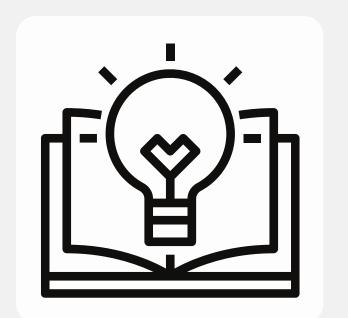


SENSING



Use Instrumentation Already Available?

CORRELATE TO EXISTING INSTRUMENTATION?



Educational

Temporary? High 'Cost'? High Fidelity? New Location?



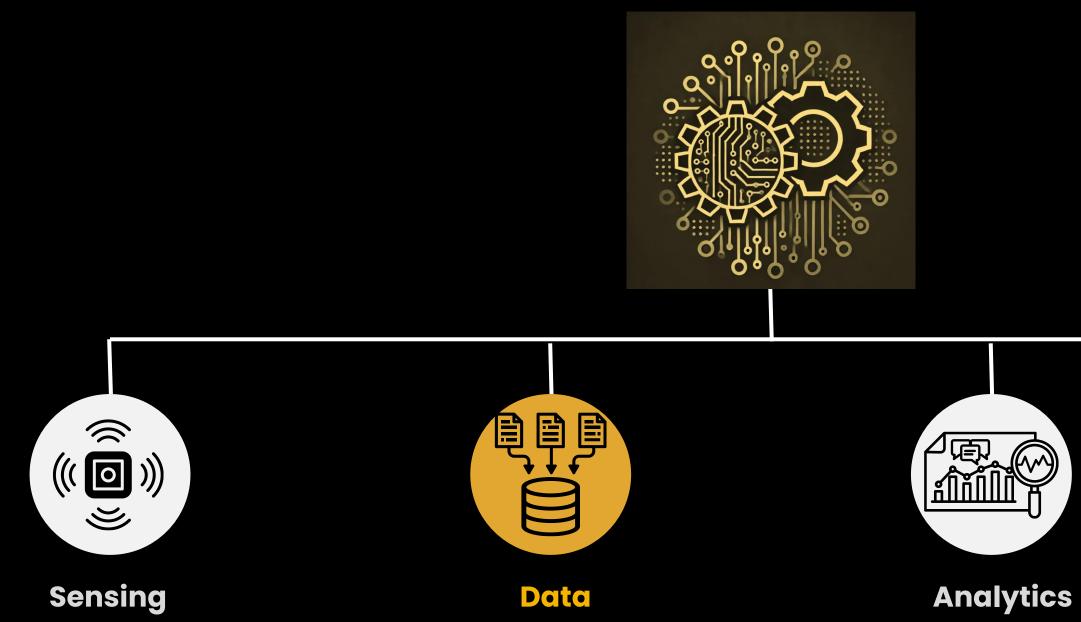


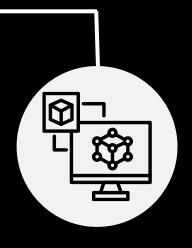
SENSORS AND DIGITAL TWINS

IS IT RELIABLE?

- CAN IT BE INSTALLED
- * Without Asset Modification?
- * Long term?

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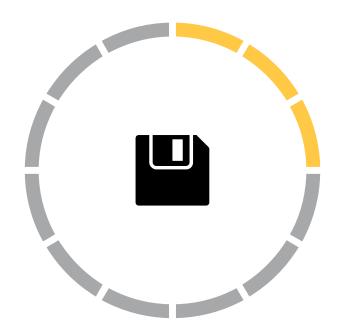
SENSORS AND THE STORAGE CHAIN – IS IT SUFFICIENT?

SAMPLING RATE OF DATA GENERALLY DECREASES



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Fidelity Loss



Archived Data Sample Rate

Once per minute?

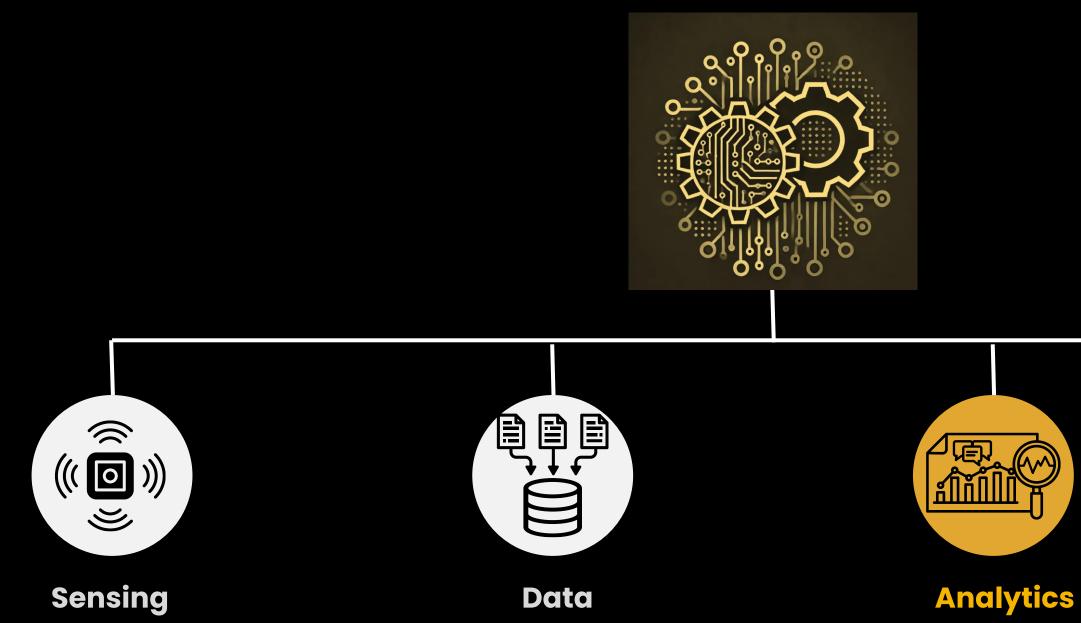


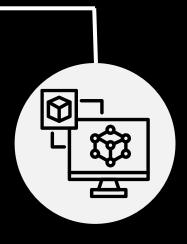
DATA - CONSIDERATIONS

WHAT EXISTING SENSORS ARE BEING COMPLIMENTED?

- WHERE AND HOW WILL THE DATA BE STORED?
- WILL THE DATA BE ACCESSIBLE?
- THE DESIGN IS OFTEN NOT COMPLETELY KNOWN OR READILY AVAILABLE TO END USERS

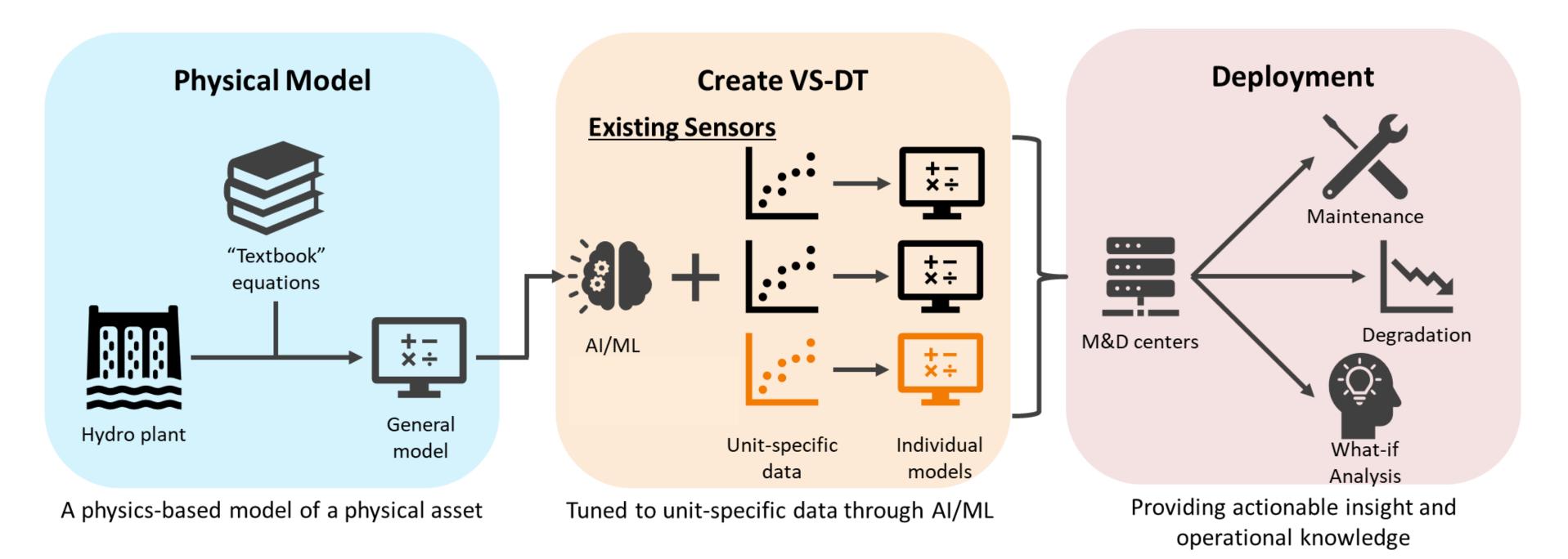








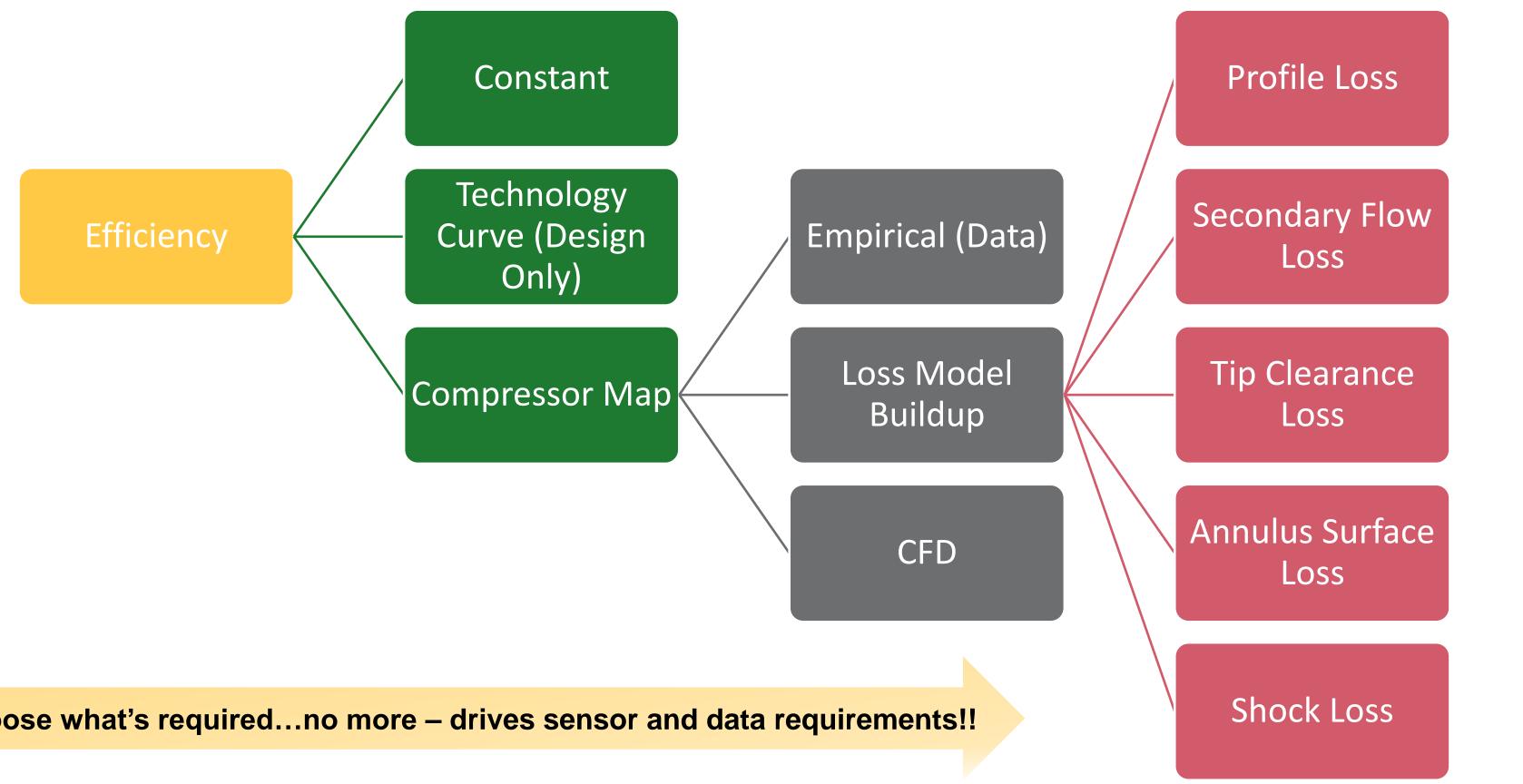
ANALYTICS



ANALYTICS ENABLE CALIBRATION AND PHYSICAL MODELING

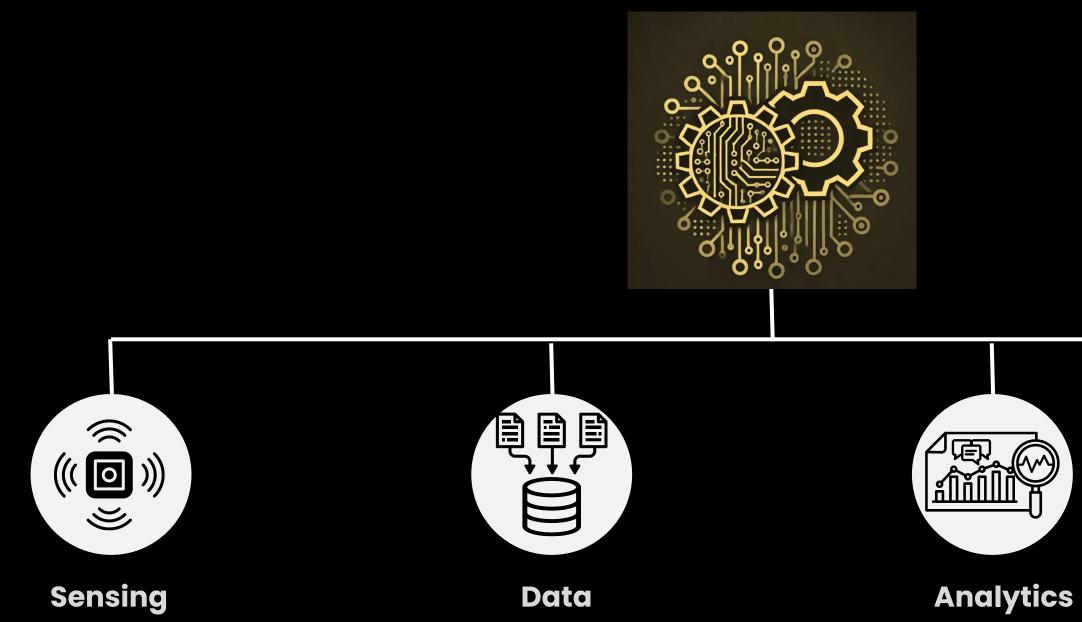


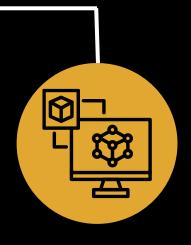
FIDELITY MATTERS...



Choose what's required...no more – drives sensor and data requirements!!













- Model's theoretical assumptions are sound
- Validation of underlying assumptions and physical models

Implementation Verification

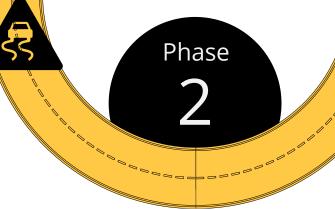
• Code works correctly and is integrated. Data intake, preprocessing, analysis, and post-processing works as intended

Manual Calibration

- Manual adjustment to match 1-2 real world systems
- Testing predictive capability on blindtest systems
- Updating model as needed

Deployment Validation

Pre-



Phase

3

Operational Validation

Initial

Deployment

- Model deployed
- Significant monitoring and tweaking
- Shows ability to 'twin' early on for target assets

New Use Cases

- Model deployed on new assets with new data
- Model adapts and calibrated properly

Continuous Validation

Continual

Improvement

- Model runs 'hands off'
- Pathway exists to improve as new data or behaviors emerge

Long Term

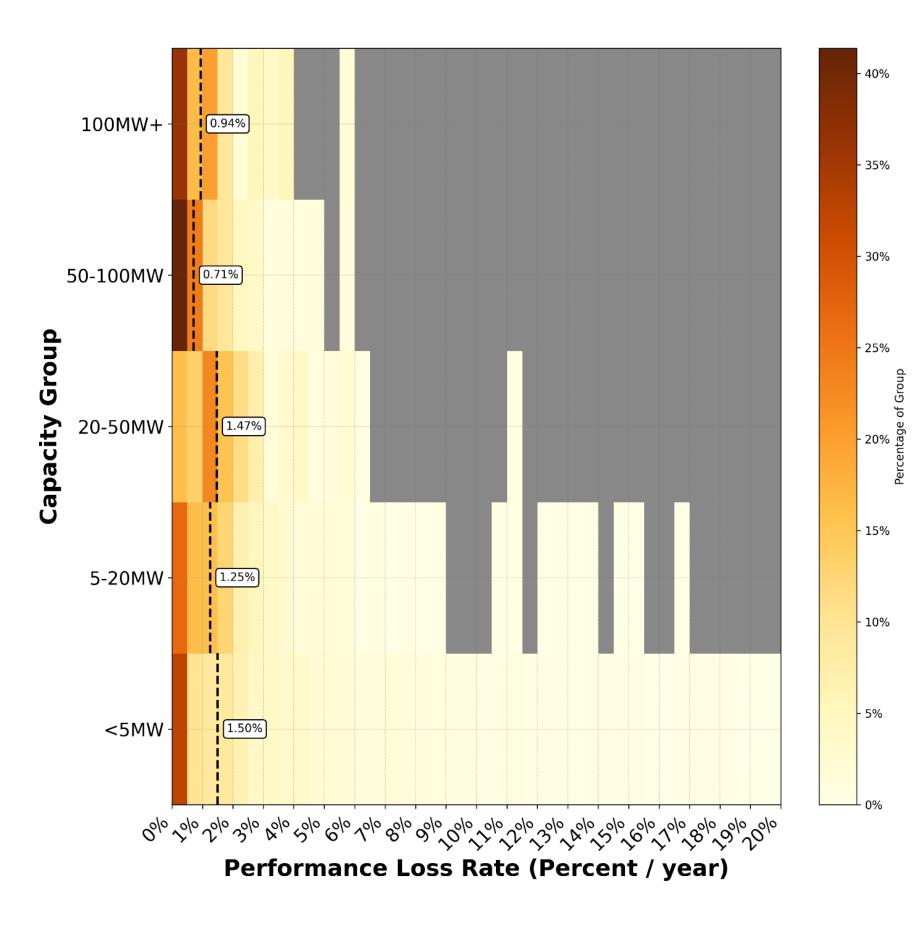
Metrics Tracking

- Metrics for accuracy established
- Metrics for accuracy reviewed and acted upon

Phase



Median Rate



Photovoltaic Digital Twin

PREDICT DEGRADATION

Use DT to Baseline Performance

ACCOUNT FOR UNCERTAINTY IN SUNLIGHT MEASUREMENTS AND DEGRADATION

DIGITAL TWIN CHALLENGES



Model Maintenance

When do you update? How do you capture continual change?

What AI Should Be Used?

LLM Neural Network Bayesian Commercial Offering A/B/C?

Uncertainty as a Core Component

Can I trust the model? Should I trust the model? What don't I know?

Integration Across Tools

Are my tools ready to integrate? Should I integrate my tools? Do I have the right tools to begin with?





Empowering the world to run smarter

